

IN THE CLAIMS

- 1 1. (currently amended) A method of estimating a property of interest relating to an
2 earth formation comprising:
 - 3 (a) conveying a Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) logging tool into a
4 borehole in said earth formation;
 - 5 (b) applying a first pulse sequence having a first associated measurement
6 frequency and measuring first NMR signals corresponding to said first
7 pulse sequence, said first NMR signals including non-formation signals
8 resulting from (A) an excitation pulse, and (B) a refocusing pulse in said
9 first pulse echo sequence;
 - 10 (c) applying a plurality of additional pulse sequences having associated
11 additional frequencies different from each other and from said first
12 frequency;
 - 13 (d) measuring additional NMR signals resulting from applying said plurality
14 of additional pulse sequences; and
 - 15 (e) determining from said first and said additional measured NMR signals a
16 value an estimate of said property of interest, said value estimate
17 substantially unaffected by said non-formation signals.
- 18
- 1 2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 claim 40 wherein said first and said

2 additional frequencies are related by an expression of the form

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{2}{TE} = \frac{1}{TE/2}$

4 where TE is an interecho spacing.

5

1 3. (currently amended) The method of ~~claim 1~~ claim 40 wherein said first and said
2 additional frequencies are related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{1}{TE}$

4 where TE is an interecho spacing.

5

1 4. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein a phase of said non-formation signals
2 resulting from said first pulse sequence and phases of non-formation signals
3 resulting from said additional pulse sequences are substantially evenly distributed
4 around a unit circle.

5

1 5. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein at least one of said first pulse
2 sequence and said additional pulse sequences each ~~comprise~~ comprises a CPMG
3 sequence.

4

1 6. (original) The method of claim 5 wherein said first and said additional frequencies
2 are related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{2}{TE} = \frac{1}{TE/2}$

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4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

6

1 7. (original) The method of claim 5 wherein said first and said additional frequencies
2 are related by an expression of the form;

3
$$nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{1}{TE}$$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

6

1 8. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein at least one of said first pulse sequence
2 and said additional pulse sequences comprises a modified CPMG sequence having
3 a refocusing pulse with a tipping angle of less than 180°.

4

1 9. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein said first and said additional frequencies
2 are related by an expression of the form:

3
$$nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{2}{TE} = \frac{1}{TE/2}$$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

6

1 10. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein said first and said additional frequencies
2 are related by an expression of the form:

3
$$nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{1}{TE}$$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

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1 11. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein determining the value of said property
2 of interest further comprises summing said first and said additional measured
3 signals.

4

1 12. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said first and said additional signals
2 have a signal loss of less than 0.8% relative to a signal that would be obtained at a
3 nominal frequency corresponding to said first and said additional frequencies.

4

1 13. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the property of interest is at least one of
2 (i) a T_2 distribution, (ii) a T_1 distribution, (iii) a porosity, (iv) a bound fluid
3 volume, and (v) a bound volume irreducible.

4

1 14. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said first and said plurality of additional
2 frequencies are discretely sampled and wherein determining said value of said
3 parameter of interest further comprises forming a weighted summation of said
4 measurements at said first and said additional frequencies.

5

1 15. (currently amended) The method of claim 14 wherein said forming of said
2 weighted summation further comprises minimizing a noise in an echo
3 measurements measurement.

4

1 16. (currently amended) A Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) apparatus for use in a
2 borehole ~~in proximity to~~ an earth formation comprising:
3 (a) a magnet for producing a static field in a region of said earth formation,
4 said magnet aligning nuclear spins in said region substantially parallel to a
5 direction of said static field;
6 (b) a transmitter for applying radio-frequency (RF) pulse sequences at each
7 of at least three different frequencies;
8 (c) a receiver for receiving at least three signals resulting from said at least
9 three pulse sequences, said at least three signals comprising (A) non-
10 formation signals, and (B) the results of interactions of said RF pulses
11 with the earth formation and with a non-formation; and
12 (d) a processor for determining from said at least three received signals a
13 value an estimate of corresponding to a property of interest of said earth
14 formation, said value estimate substantially unaffected by the interactions
15 with said non-formation signal.

16

1 17. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 16 claim 42 wherein said at least
2 three frequencies are related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{2}{TE} = \frac{1}{TE/2}$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

6

1 18. (currently amended) The apparatus of ~~claim 16~~ claim 42, wherein at least three
2 frequencies are related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{1}{TE}$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is a
5 interecho spacing.

6

1 19. (original) The apparatus of claim 16, wherein phases of said non-formation
2 signals resulting from said at least three pulse sequences are substantially evenly
3 distributed around a unit circle.

4

1 20. (original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein at least one of said three pulse
2 sequences comprises a CPMG sequence.

1 21. (original) The apparatus of claim 20 wherein said at least three frequencies are
2 related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{2}{TE} = \frac{1}{TE/2}$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

6

1 22. (original) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein at least three frequencies are related
2 by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{1}{TE}$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is a
5 interecho spacing.

6

1 22.23 (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein at least one of said at
2 least three pulse sequences comprises a modified CPMG sequence having a
3 refocusing pulse with a tipping angle less than 180°.

4

1 24. (original) The apparatus of claim 23 wherein said at least three frequencies are
2 related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{2}{TE} = \frac{1}{TE/2}$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

6

1 25. (original) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein at least three frequencies are related
2 by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{1}{TE}$

4 where n_f is the number of frequencies, δ_f is a separation of frequencies and TE is a
5 interecho spacing.

6

1 26. (original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein said processor determines said value
2 by summing said at least three received signals.

1 27. (original) A system for estimating a property of interest of an earth formation
2 comprising:

- 3 (a) a logging tool including a magnet for producing a static field in a region of
4 said earth formation, said magnet aligning nuclear spins in said region
5 substantially parallel to a direction of said static field;
- 6 (b) a transmitter on said logging tool for applying radio frequency pulse
7 sequences at each of at least three frequencies;
- 8 (c) a receiver on said logging tool for receiving signals resulting from
9 interaction of said at least three pulse sequences with said earth formation,
10 said signals indicative of a property of said earth formation, said signals
11 including non-formation signals resulting from an excitation pulse and a
12 refocusing pulse in said at least three pulse sequences;
- 13 (d) a conveyance device for conveying said logging tool into a borehole in
14 said earth formation;
- 15 (e) a processor in electrical communication with the transmitter and the
16 receiver, said processor programmed to perform steps for determining
17 from said at least three received signals a value of a property of said earth

18 formation, said determined value of said property substantially unaffected
19 by said non-formation signals.

20

1 28. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said conveyance device comprises a
2 wireline.

3

1 29. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said conveyance device comprises a
2 drillstring.

3

1 30. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said conveyance device comprises
2 coiled tubing.

1 31. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said processor is programmed to select
2 the at least three frequencies according to an expression of the form:

3
$$nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{2}{TE} = \frac{1}{TE/2}$$

4 where nf is the number of frequencies, δf is a separation of frequencies and TE is
5 an interecho spacing.

6

1 32. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said processor is at a surface location.

2

1 33. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said processor is at a downhole
2 location.

3

1 34. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein the processor is programmed to instruct
2 the transmitter to transmit at least one of said at least three pulse sequences as a
3 CPMG sequence.

4

1 35. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein the processor is programmed to instruct
2 the transmitter to transmit at least one of said at least three pulse sequences as a
3 modified CPMG sequence having a refocusing pulse with a tipping angle less than
4 180°.

5

1 36. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said processor is programmed to
2 determine said value by summing said at least three received signals.

3

1 37. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said property is at least one of (i) a
2 T_2 distribution, (ii) a T_1 distribution, (iii) a porosity, (iv) a bound fluid volume,
3 and, (v) a bound volume irreducible.

4

1 38. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said processor is at a surface
2 location

3

1 39. (original) The system of claim 27 wherein said processor is at a downhole location
2

1 40. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein said first and said additional frequencies
2 are related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{m}{t}$

4 where, δf is a separation of frequencies, nf is the number of frequencies, m is any
5 integer that is not a multiple of nf , and t is a time over which a phase difference
6 evolves.

7

1 41. (new) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein said non-formation signal is at least one
2 of (A) ringing resulting from an excitation pulse in said RF pulse sequences, and,
3 (B) a ringing resulting from a refocusing pulse in said RF pulse sequences.

4

1 42. (new) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein said first and said additional frequencies
2 are related by an expression of the form:

3 $nf \cdot \delta f = \frac{m}{t}$

4 where, δf is a separation of frequencies, nf is the number of frequencies, m is any
5 integer that is not a multiple of nf , and t is a time over which a phase difference
6 evolves.

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